# EIGHTY-SEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2018 REGULAR SESSION DAILY HOUSE CLIP SHEET

March 27, 2018

### **Clip Sheet Summary**

Displays all amendments, fiscal notes, and conference committee reports for previous day.

Bill	Amendment	Action	Sponsor
HF 2234	<u>H-8314</u>	Filed	McKEAN of Jones
HF 2338	<u>H-8315</u>	Filed	RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE
<u>SF 359</u>	<u>H-8313</u>	Filed	RIZER of Linn
<u>SF 481</u>	<u>H-8319</u>	Filed	HOLT of Crawford
<u>SF 481</u>	<u>H-8321</u>	Filed	ISENHART of Dubuque
<u>SF 2169</u>	<u>H-8316</u>	Filed	BAUDLER of Adair
<u>SF 2235</u>	<u>H-8320</u>	Filed	WORTHAN of Buena Vista
<u>SF 2353</u>	<u>H-8318</u>	Filed	RUNNING-MARQUARDT of Linn
<u>SF 2364</u>	<u>H-8317</u>	Filed	RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE

#### **Fiscal Notes**

HF 2473 — Aircraft Parts and Labor Sales Tax Exemption (LSB5176HV)

#### HOUSE FILE 2234

#### H-8314

- 1 Amend the Senate amendment, H-8264, to House File 2234, as 2 passed by the House, as follows: 1. Page 1, after line 1 by inserting: 3 Page 1, after line 32 by inserting: <Sec. . Section 615.1A, Code 2018, is amended to read as 5 6 follows: 615.1A Execution on judgment — claim for rent. After the expiration of a period of five ten years from the 9 date of entry of judgment of a court not of record, or twenty 10 years from the date of entry of judgment of a court of record, ll in an action on a claim for rent, exclusive of any time during 12 which execution on the judgment was stayed pending a bankruptcy 13 action or order of court, such judgment shall be null and void, 14 all liens shall be extinguished, and no execution shall be 15 issued. However, in the event that the judgment or the right 16 to collect thereon is sold or otherwise assigned for value to 17 a third party other than a state or federally chartered bank 18 or credit union, such judgment shall be null and void, all
- 19 liens shall be extinguished, and no execution shall be issued
- 20 after the expiration of two years from the date of entry of
- 21 the judgment, exclusive of any time during which execution on
- 22 the judgment was stayed pending a bankruptcy action or order
- 23 of court.>>
- 24 2. Page 1, after line 15 by inserting:
- 25 <\_\_\_. Title page, line 3, after <pre>property> by inserting <and</pre>
- 26 relating to the statute of limitations period for executing
- 27 judgments on claims for rent>>
- 28 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By McKEAN of Jones

H-8314 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

H-8314 -1-

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE FILE 2338

#### H-8315

- 1 Amend House File 2338, as passed by the House, as follows:
- 2 1. Page 2, line 15, by striking <5, and 6,> and inserting
- 3 < and 5.>
- Page 6, by striking lines 13 through 26.
- 5 3. Page 10, by striking lines 22 through 25 and inserting:
- 6 <c. This subsection does not apply to a person whose license
- 7 was revoked under section 321J.2A or section 321J.4, subsection
- 8 4 or 6, to a person whose license was revoked under section
- 9 321J.4, subsection 6, for the period during which the person is
- 10 ineligible for a temporary restricted license, or to a person
- 11 whose license is suspended or revoked for another reason.>
- 12 4. By renumbering as necessary.

H-8315 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

н-8315 -1-

#### H-8313

- 1 Amend Senate File 359, as passed by the Senate, as follows:
- By striking everything after the enacting clause and
- 3 inserting:
- 4 <Section 1. NEW SECTION. 146C.1 Legislative findings and
- 5 intent.
- 6 l. The general assembly finds all of the following:
- 7 a. Abortion carries significant physical and psychological
- 8 risks to the pregnant woman, and these physical and
- 9 psychological risks increase exponentially with the
- 10 postfertilization age of the unborn child.
- 11 b. As the second trimester of a pregnancy progresses, in the
- 12 vast majority of uncomplicated pregnancies, the health risks to
- 13 the pregnant woman of undergoing an abortion are greater than
- 14 the risks of carrying a pregnancy to term.
- c. Medical complications from dilation and evacuation
- 16 abortions include but are not limited to pelvic infection;
- 17 incomplete abortions and retained tissue; blood clots; heavy
- 18 bleeding or hemorrhage; laceration, tear, or other injury to
- 19 the cervix; puncture, laceration, tear, or other injury to the
- 20 uterus; injury to the bowel or bladder; depression; anxiety;
- 21 substance abuse; and other emotional or psychological problems.
- 22 Further, in abortions performed in the second trimester, there
- 23 is a higher risk of requiring a hysterectomy, other reparative
- 24 surgery, or blood transfusion.
- d. The state of Iowa has legitimate interests from the
- 26 outset of pregnancy in protecting the health of women, as the
- 27 medical, emotional, and psychological consequences of abortion
- 28 are serious and can be lasting.
- 29 2. Based upon the findings specified in subsection 1, it is
- 30 the intent of the general assembly through application of this
- 31 chapter to restrict the practice of nontherapeutic or elective
- 32 abortion to the period prior to the unborn child achieving the
- 33 postfertilization age of fifteen weeks.
- 34 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 146C.2 Definitions.
- 35 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise

#### 1 requires:

- 2 1. "Abortion" means the termination of a human pregnancy
- 3 with the intent other than to produce a live birth or to remove
- 4 a dead fetus.
- 5 2. "Attempt to perform an abortion" means an act, or
- 6 an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the
- 7 circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a
- 8 substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in
- 9 the performing of an abortion.
- 10 3. "Department" means the department of public health.
- 11 4. "Fertilization" means the fusion of a human spermatozoon
- 12 with a human ovum.
- 13 5. "Major bodily function" includes but is not limited
- 14 to functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and
- 15 digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory,
- 16 circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.
- 17 6. "Medical emergency" means a situation in which an
- 18 abortion is performed to preserve the life of the pregnant
- 19 woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical
- 20 illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering
- 21 physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy, or
- 22 when continuation of the pregnancy will create a serious risk
- 23 of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily
- 24 function of the pregnant woman.
- 7. "Medical facility" means any public or private hospital,
- 26 clinic, center, medical school, medical training institution,
- 27 health care facility, physician's office, infirmary,
- 28 dispensary, ambulatory surgical center, or other institution or
- 29 location where medical care is provided to any person.
- 30 8. "Perform", "performed", or "performing", relative to an
- 31 abortion, means the use of any means, including medical or
- 32 surgical, to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be
- 33 pregnant with the intent other than to produce a live birth or
- 34 to remove a dead fetus.
- 35 9. "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter 148.

Н-8313 -2-

- 1 10. "Postfertilization age" means the age of the unborn
- 2 child as calculated from fertilization.
- 3 11. "Probable postfertilization age" means what, in
- 4 reasonable medical judgment, will with reasonable probability
- 5 be the postfertilization age of the unborn child at the time
- 6 the abortion is to be performed.
- 7 12. "Reasonable medical judgment" means a medical judgment
- 8 made by a reasonably prudent physician who is knowledgeable
- 9 about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to
- 10 the medical conditions involved.
- 11 13. "Severe fetal abnormality" means a life-threatening
- 12 physical condition that, in the physician's reasonable medical
- 13 judgment, regardless of the provision of life-saving medical
- 14 treatment, is incompatible with life outside the womb.
- 15 14. "Unborn child" means an individual organism of the
- 16 species homo sapiens from fertilization to live birth.
- 17 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 146C.3 Determination of
- 18 postfertilization age certain abortions prohibited —
- 19 exceptions reporting requirements penalties.
- 20 1. Except in the case of a medical emergency or a
- 21 severe fetal abnormality, in addition to compliance with
- 22 the prerequisites of chapter 146A, an abortion shall not be
- 23 performed or be attempted to be performed unless the physician
- 24 performing the abortion has first made a determination of the
- 25 probable postfertilization age of the unborn child or relied
- 26 upon such a determination made by another physician. In making
- 27 such a determination, a physician shall make such inquiries
- 28 of the pregnant woman and perform or cause to be performed
- 29 such medical examinations and tests the physician considers
- 30 necessary in making a reasonable medical judgment to accurately
- 31 determine the postfertilization age of the unborn child.
- a. A physician shall not perform or attempt to perform
- 33 an abortion upon a pregnant woman when it has been determined,
- 34 by the physician performing the abortion or by another
- 35 physician upon whose determination that physician relies, that

н-8313 -3-

- 1 the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child is
- 2 fifteen or more weeks unless, in the physician's reasonable
- 3 medical judgment, any of the following applies:
- 4 (1) The pregnant woman has a condition which the physician
- 5 deems a medical emergency.
- 6 (2) The abortion is necessary to preserve the life of an
- 7 unborn child.
- 8 (3) The unborn child is afflicted with a severe fetal
- 9 abnormality.
- 10 b. If an abortion is performed under this subsection, the
- 11 physician shall terminate the pregnancy in the manner which,
- 12 in the physician's reasonable medical judgment, provides the
- 13 best opportunity for an unborn child to survive, unless, in the
- 14 physician's reasonable medical judgment, termination of the
- 15 pregnancy in that manner would pose a greater risk than any
- 16 other available method of the death of the pregnant woman or
- 17 of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a
- 18 major bodily function. A greater risk shall not be deemed to
- 19 exist if it is based on a claim or diagnosis that the pregnant
- 20 woman will engage in conduct which would result in the pregnant
- 21 woman's death or in substantial and irreversible physical
- 22 impairment of a major bodily function.
- 23 3. A physician who performs or attempts to perform an
- 24 abortion shall report to the department, on a schedule and in
- 25 accordance with forms and rules adopted by the department, all
- 26 of the following:
- 27 a. If a determination of probable postfertilization age of
- 28 the unborn child was made, the probable postfertilization age
- 29 determined and the method and basis of the determination.
- 30 b. If a determination of probable postfertilization age of
- 31 the unborn child was not made, the basis of the determination
- 32 that a medical emergency existed or that the unborn child was
- 33 afflicted with a severe fetal abnormality.
- 34 c. If the probable postfertilization age of the unborn
- 35 child was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, the basis

н-8313 -4-

- 1 of the determination of a medical emergency, the basis of the
- 2 determination that the unborn child was afflicted with a severe
- 3 fetal abnormality, or the basis of the determination that the
- 4 abortion was necessary to preserve the life of an unborn child.
- 5 d. The method used for the abortion and, in the case of
- 6 an abortion performed when the probable postfertilization age
- 7 was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, whether the method
- 8 of abortion used was one that, in the physician's reasonable
- 9 medical judgment, provided the best opportunity for an unborn
- 10 child to survive or, if such a method was not used, the basis
- 11 of the determination that termination of the pregnancy in
- 12 that manner would pose a greater risk than would any other
- 13 available method of the death of the pregnant woman or of the
- 14 substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major
- 15 bodily function.
- 16 4. a. By June 30, annually, the department shall issue a
- 17 public report providing statistics for the previous calendar
- 18 year, compiled from the reports for that year submitted in
- 19 accordance with subsection 3. The department shall ensure that
- 20 none of the information included in the public reports could
- 21 reasonably lead to the identification of any woman upon whom an
- 22 abortion was performed.
- 23 b. (1) A physician who fails to submit a report by the end
- 24 of thirty days following the due date shall be subject to a
- 25 late fee of one hundred dollars for each additional thirty-day
- 26 period or portion of a thirty-day period the report is overdue.
- 27 (2) A physician required to report in accordance with
- 28 subsection 3 who has not submitted a report or who has
- 29 submitted only an incomplete report more than one year
- 30 following the due date, may, in an action brought in the
- 31 manner in which actions are brought to enforce chapter 148,
- 32 be directed by a court of competent jurisdiction to submit a
- 33 complete report within a time period stated by court order or
- 34 be subject to contempt of court.
- 35 (3) A physician who intentionally or recklessly falsifies

н-8313 -5-

- 1 a report required under this section is subject to a civil
- 2 penalty of five hundred dollars.
- Any medical facility in which a physician is authorized
- 4 to perform an abortion shall implement written medical
- 5 policies and procedures consistent with the requirements and
- 6 prohibitions of this chapter.
- 7 6. The department shall adopt rules to implement this 8 section.
- 9 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 146C.4 Civil actions and penalties.
- 10 1. Failure of a physician to comply with any provision of
- 11 section 146C.3, with the exception of the late filing of a
- 12 report or failure to submit a complete report in compliance
- 13 with a court order, is grounds for licensee discipline under
- 14 chapter 148.
- 15 2. A woman upon whom an abortion has been performed in
- 16 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 17 physician who performed the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 18 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 19 3. A woman upon whom an abortion has been attempted in
- 20 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 21 physician who attempted the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 22 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 23 4. A cause of action for injunctive relief to prevent a
- 24 physician from performing abortions may be maintained against a
- 25 physician who has intentionally violated this chapter by the
- 26 woman upon whom the abortion was performed or attempted, by
- 27 a parent or quardian of the woman if the woman is less than
- 28 eighteen years of age at the time the abortion was performed
- 29 or attempted, by a current or former licensed health care
- 30 provider of the woman, by a county attorney with appropriate
- 31 jurisdiction, or by the attorney general.
- 32 5. If the plaintiff prevails in an action brought under
- 33 this section, the plaintiff shall be entitled to an award for
- 34 reasonable attorney fees.
- 35 6. If the defendant prevails in an action brought under

н-8313 -6-

- 1 this section and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was
- 2 frivolous and brought in bad faith, the defendant shall be
- 3 entitled to an award for reasonable attorney fees.
- 4 7. Damages and attorney fees shall not be assessed against
- 5 the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted
- 6 except as provided in subsection 6.
- 7 8. In a civil proceeding or action brought under this
- 8 chapter, the court shall rule whether the anonymity of any
- 9 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted
- 10 shall be preserved from public disclosure if the woman does not
- 11 provide consent to such disclosure. The court, upon motion
- 12 or on its own motion, shall make such a ruling and, upon
- 13 determining that the woman's anonymity should be preserved,
- 14 shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel
- 15 and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of
- 16 individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent
- 17 necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public
- 18 disclosure. Each such order shall be accompanied by specific
- 19 written findings explaining why the anonymity of the woman
- 20 should be preserved from public disclosure, why the order is
- 21 essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to
- 22 serve that interest, and why no reasonable less restrictive
- 23 alternative exists. In the absence of written consent of the
- 24 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted,
- 25 anyone, other than a public official, who brings an action
- 26 under this section shall do so under a pseudonym. This
- 27 subsection shall not be construed to conceal the identity
- 28 of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from
- 29 attorneys for the defendant.
- 30 9. This chapter shall not be construed to impose civil
- 31 or criminal liability on a woman upon whom an abortion is
- 32 performed or attempted.
- 33 Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate
- 34 importance, takes effect upon enactment.>
- 35 2. Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking <fetal body parts</p>

н-8313 -7-

- 1 and providing penalties. > and inserting <an unborn child,
- 2 providing penalties, and including effective date provisions.>
- 3 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By RIZER of Linn

H-8313 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

н-8313 -8-

#### H-8319

- 1 Amend the amendment, H-8202, to Senate File 481, as amended,
- 2 passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
- 3 1. Page 1, after line 16 by inserting:
- 4 <\_\_\_. Page 3, line 21, by striking <2018,> and inserting
- 5 <2019,>>
- By renumbering as necessary.

By HOLT of Crawford

H-8319 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

н-8319 -1-

#### H-8321

- 1 Amend Senate File 481, as amended, passed, and reprinted by
- 2 the Senate, as follows:
- 3 l. Page 7, after line 18 by inserting:
- 4 <Sec. . NEW SECTION. 825.12 Local enforcement of federal
- 5 immigration law.
- 6 l. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,
- 7 a county, a city, or any agency or employee thereof shall
- 8 engage in an action to enforce federal immigration law
- 9 only if, pursuant to statute, regulation, or memorandum of
- 10 understanding, all of the following conditions have been met:
- ll a. A federal agency has agreed to fully reimburse a county
- 12 or city for any expenditures, including legal costs, incurred
- 13 through enforcement of federal immigration law by the county
- 14 or city.
- 15 b. A federal agency has agreed to defend a county or city in
- 16 the event of any legal action taken against the county or city
- 17 as a result of enforcement of any federal immigration law, and
- 18 to fully indemnify the county or city for any liability imposed
- 19 in the course of such a legal action.
- 20 2. Subsection 1 does not apply to an action by a county, a
- 21 city, or any agency or employee thereof to comply with a court
- 22 order or federal arrest warrant.
- 23 3. A county or city may submit a claim for reimbursement
- 24 of any expenditures, including legal costs, incurred through
- 25 enforcement of federal immigration law to the department of
- 26 management. The department of management shall adopt rules
- 27 pursuant to chapter 17A relating to the reimbursement of
- 28 counties and cities pursuant to this section, including but not
- 29 limited to rules for all of the following:
- 30 a. Procedures for submission, verification, and payment of
- 31 claims by counties and cities for reimbursement pursuant to
- 32 this section.
- 33 b. Acceptable documentation of expenditures, including legal
- 34 costs, incurred through enforcement of federal immigration law.
- 35 c. Appeal procedures for determinations made by the

- 1 department pursuant to this section.>
- By renumbering as necessary.

By ISENHART of Dubuque

H-8321 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

H-8321 -2-

#### H-8316

- 1 Amend Senate File 2169, as passed by the Senate, as follows:
- 2 1. Page 1, after line 30 by inserting:
- 3 <Sec. . Section 123.92, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code</p>
- 4 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 a. Every liquor control licensee, class "B" beer permittee,
- 6 class "C" beer permittee, and class "C" native wine permittee,
- 7 except a class "E" liquor control licensee, shall furnish proof
- 8 of financial responsibility by the existence of a liability
- 9 insurance policy in an amount determined by the division. If
- 10 an insurer provides dramshop liability insurance at a new
- 11 location to a licensee or permittee who has a positive loss
- 12 experience at other locations for which such insurance is
- 13 provided by the insurer, and the insurer bases premium rates at
- 14 the new location on the negative loss history of the previous
- 15 licensee or permittee at that location, the insurer shall
- 16 examine and consider adjusting the premium for the new location
- 17 not less than thirty months after the insurance is issued,
- 18 based on the loss experience of the licensee or permittee at
- 19 that location during that thirty-month period of time.>
- 20 2. Title page, line 2, after <injuries> by inserting <and
- 21 requiring certain permittees to obtain liability insurance>
- 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By BAUDLER of Adair

H-8316 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

Н-8316 -1-

#### H-8320

- 1 Amend Senate File 2235, as amended, passed, and reprinted by
- 2 the Senate, as follows:
- By striking everything after the enacting clause and
- 4 inserting:
- 5 <Section 1. NEW SECTION. 716.11 Critical infrastructure
- 6 sabotage definitions.
- 7 Solely for purposes of this section and section 716.12,
- 8 unless the context otherwise requires:
- 9 1. "Critical infrastructure" means any of the following:
- 10 a. An electrical power generating, transmission, or delivery
- 11 system.
- 12 b. A gas, oil, petroleum, refined petroleum product,
- 13 renewable fuel, or chemical critical generation, storage
- 14 transportation, or delivery system.
- 15 c. A telecommunications or broadband generation,
- 16 transmission, or delivery system.
- 17 d. A wastewater treatment, collection, or delivery system.
- 18 e. A water supply treatment, collection, storage, or
- 19 delivery system.
- 20 f. Any land, building, conveyance, or other temporary or
- 21 permanent structure whether publicly or privately owned, that
- 22 contains, houses, supports, or is appurtenant to any critical
- 23 infrastructure as described in paragraphs "a" through "e" of
- 24 this subsection.
- 25 2. "Critical infrastructure sabotage" means an unauthorized
- 26 and overt act intended to cause and having the means to cause,
- 27 and in substantial furtherance of causing, a substantial
- 28 and widespread interruption or impairment of a fundamental
- 29 service rendered by the critical infrastructure. However,
- 30 "critical infrastructure sabotage" does not include an
- 31 accidental interruption or impairment of service to the
- 32 critical infrastructure caused by a person in the performance
- 33 of the person's work duties or caused by a person's lawful
- 34 activity. In addition, "critical infrastructure sabotage" does
- 35 not include any condition or activity related to the production

#### H-8320 (Continued)

- 1 of farm products as defined in section 554.9102, including
- 2 but not limited to the discharge of agricultural stormwater;
- 3 the construction or use of soil or water quality conservation
- 4 practices or structures; the preparation of agricultural land
- 5 and the raising, harvesting, drying, or storage of agricultural
- 6 crops; the application of fertilizer as defined in section
- 7 200.3, pesticides as defined in section 206.2, or manure
- 8 as defined in section 459.102; the installation and use of
- 9 agricultural drainage tile and systems; the construction,
- 10 operation, or management of an animal feeding operation as
- 11 defined in section 459.102; and the care, feeding, or watering
- 12 of livestock.
- 3. "System" means a set of connected or interdependent real,
- 14 physical, personal, or electronic or computer-based property
- 15 that operates as a whole to provide a service. "System" also
- 16 includes any real, physical, electronic, or computer implement
- 17 that may control or monitor any component of the system.
- 18 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 716.12 Critical infrastructure
- 19 sabotage penalties.
- 20 A person who commits critical infrastructure sabotage is
- 21 guilty of a class "B" felony, and in addition to the provisions
- 22 of section 902.9, subsection 1, paragraph "b", shall be punished
- 23 by a fine of not less than eighty-five thousand dollars nor
- 24 more than one hundred thousand dollars.>
- 2. By renumbering as necessary.

By WORTHAN of Buena Vista

H-8320 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

#### H-8318

- 1 Amend Senate File 2353, as passed by the Senate, as follows:
- 2 l. Page 1, line 16, by striking <subsections> and inserting
- 3 <subsection>
- 4 2. Page 1, by striking lines 30 through 32.
- 5 3. Page 12, by striking lines 28 through 32.
- 6 4. By renumbering, redesignating, and correcting internal
- 7 references as necessary.

By RUNNING-MARQUARDT of Linn

H-8318 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

н-8318 -1-

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE AMENDMENT TO TO SENATE FILE 2364

#### H-8317

12

Amend the amendment, S-5179 to Senate File 2364, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as follows:

1. Page 1, by striking lines 5 through 19 and inserting:

<\_\_\_. Page 1, by striking lines 31 through 33 and inserting 5 <emergency operations plan be conducted in each individual 6 school building in which students are educated. The board and 7 authorities shall determine which school personnel participate 8 in the drill and whether students or local law enforcement 9 agencies participate in the drill. The drill may include but 10 is not limited to a table top exercise, walk-through, partial

11 drill, or full drill. This subsection shall not>>

2. By renumbering as necessary.

H-8317 FILED MARCH 26, 2018

H-8317 -1-



## **Fiscal Note**



Fiscal Services Division

<u>HF 2473</u> – Aircraft Parts and Labor Sales Tax Exemption (LSB5176HV) Analyst: Kent Ohms (515.971.7053) <u>kenneth.ohms@legis.iowa.gov</u> Fiscal Note Version – New

#### **Description**

<u>House File 2473</u> expands the existing aircraft repair and maintenance sales and use tax exemption to include aircraft that are not used in scheduled or nonscheduled interstate Federal Aviation Administration certified air carrier operations.

#### Background

lowa Code section <u>328.20</u> requires all civilian aircraft owned or operated within the State for more than 30 days to be registered with the Department of Transportation. Fees for registration established in lowa Code section <u>328.21</u> vary based on age and value of the aircraft and range between \$35 and \$5,000. These fees are deposited into the State Aviation Fund.

Nationally, state sales tax laws relating to aircraft maintenance can be broken down into four basic categories:

- States with no sales tax.
- States exempting all aircraft maintenance from sales tax.
- States with a limited sales tax exemption for aircraft maintenance.
- States with a sales tax and no exemption for aircraft maintenance.

#### **Assumptions**

- In 2016, there were approximately 2,500 airworthy civilian aircraft registered with the Department of Transportation that have lowa ownership or likely lowa ownership. Of these aircraft, 150 (6.0%) had annual registration fees ranging from \$3,000 to \$5,000; 465 (19.0%) had annual registration fees ranging from \$101 to \$2,999; and 1,885 (75.0%) had annual registration fees ranging from \$35 to \$100.
- More expensive aircraft have a higher likelihood of higher maintenance costs. Aircraft in the
  highest tier of registration fees have estimated annual maintenance costs of \$20,000.
  Aircraft with mid tier registration fees have annual estimated maintenance costs of \$8,000,
  and those with lowest-tier registration fees have annual estimated maintenance costs of
  \$3,000
- An unknown number of aircraft owners take their planes for scheduled repairs to states that
  have no sales tax or already have this exemption enacted. Taking repairs out of state is
  more likely to be cost effective for owners with higher maintenance costs. Therefore,
  scheduled repairs on an estimated 20.0% of the highest maintenance cost aircraft, and
  10.0% of the mid tier maintenance cost aircraft, are assumed to not take place in lowa.
- The exemption is effective July 1, 2018.

#### **Fiscal Impact**

<u>House File 2473</u> is estimated to decrease sales and use tax revenues to the General Fund, the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund, and the Local Option Sales Tax (LOST) revenues, as presented in the following table.

**HF 2473 Fiscal Impact** 

	(	General				
	Fund		SAVE		LOST	
FY 2019	\$	-570,000	\$	-114,000	\$	-88,000
FY 2020		-586,000		-117,000		-90,000
FY 2021		-602,000		-120,000		-92,000
FY 2022		-619,000		-123,000		-95,000
FY 2023		-636,000		-126,000		-98,000

#### **Sources**

Department of Revenue
Department of Transportation
Iowa Public Airports Association
Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association
LSA Calculations

/s/ Holly M. Lyons
March 26, 2018

The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.